







Youth Engagement for Communicating the EU

Survey's analysis - France











Draft survey's analysis - France

1. Personal data and background (first 7 questions)

- Total number of respondents: 208 french speakers including 205 french citizens and 198 french residents.
- Age: From 19 to 74 y.o.
- Gender: 66% of these french speakers are females, 32% males, less than 2% preferred not to say and less than 1% said other.
- Location: around 70% from urban areas, 30% from rural ones. The French speakers that are not French citizens are either from Belgium (1), Ireland (1), Senegal (2), Italy (2), German (1), Luxemburg (1)
- Education: 47% of the French speakers have a Master's degree; 35% bachelor degree or professional diploma; 9% secondary school; 5% PhD or DPhil, 4% had none of the proposed options.
- Current work and education: 44% of the French speakers are employed, 31% of the French speakers are University students (in comparision to 29% of the French residents), 9% self-employed, 4% unemployed, 3% apprentices, 2% secondary education students and 7% others.

2. Understanding of the EU (Outcome 1)

Questions 8 and 9

- 29 respondants out of the 198 French residents; 27 out of the 205 French citizens and 28 out of the 208 French speakers have skipped the question.
- Primary and secondary school: out of the respondents around 25% (almost 28% of the French residents) of the French speakers had no information at all about the EU;
- Higher education: almost 30% had no information at all about the EU.

Questions 10 and 11

- Familiarity with European institutions: 40% are aware of the division of responsibility between the European Parliament, the European Commission and the Council of the EU.

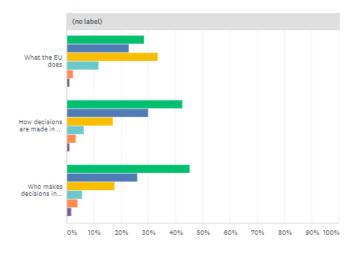
Questions 12 and 13

- Participation in the last European parliamentary election: 50% did not vote, 40% voted, almost 8 % were not interested and 3% were not eligible to vote
- Knowledge of European parliamentary groups: 45% do not know any of the parliamentary groups, 39% know some of them and 16% know all parliamentary groups. 48% of people who have French nationality do not know them.

Q

In primary and secondary school, how much did you learn about any of the following (please rate the following items on a scale from 1 [nothing at all] to 5 [a lot]):

Answered: 180 Skipped: 28



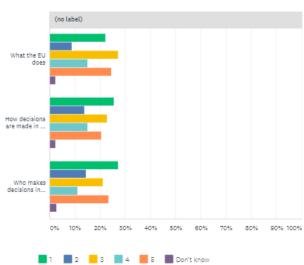
(no label)										
	1	2	3	4	5	DON'T KNOW	TOTAL			
What the EU does	28.49% 51	22.91% 41	33.52% 60	11.73% 21	2.23% 4	1.12% 2	179			
How decisions are made in the EU	42.37% 75	29.94% 53	16.95% 30	6.21% 11	3.39% 6	1.13% 2	177			
Who makes decisions in the EU	45.20% 80	25.99% 46	17.51% 31	5.65% 10	3.95% 7	1.69% 3	177			

2 3 4 5 Don't know

9

In higher education, how much did you learn about any of the following (please rate the following items on a scale from 1 [nothing at all] to 5 [a lot]):

Answered: 180 Skipped: 28



(no label)							
	1	2	3	4	5	DON'T KNOW	TOTAL
What the EU does	22.22% 40	8.89% 16	27.22% 49	15.00% 27	24.44% 44	2.22% 4	180
How decisions are made in the EU	25.56% 46	13.89% 25	22.78% 41	15.00% 27	20.56% 37	2.22% 4	180
Who makes decisions in the EU	27.22% 49	14.44% 26	21.11% 38	11.11% 20	23.33% 42	2.78% 5	180

3. EU policies (Outcome 2)

Question 14

Familiarity with the Commission's current priorities

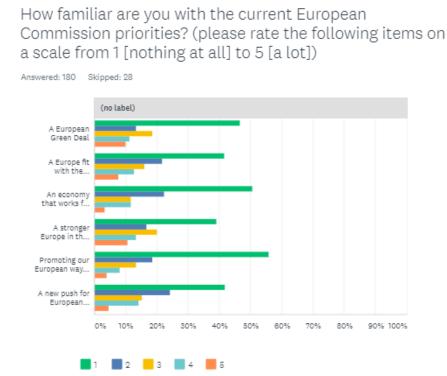
- 56% of the French speakers (and 58% of the French nationals) ignore "Promoting our European way of life"
- 51% of the French speakers (and 53% of the French nationals) ignore "An economy that works for the people";
- 47% of the French speakers and 50% of the French citizens "A European Green Deal"
- 42% of the French speakers (43% of the French citizens) do not know about "A Europe fit with the digital age";
- 42% of the French citizens (and 41% of the French nationals) "A new push for European democracy"

Q

- 40% ignore "A stronger Europe in the world";
- <10% know the priorities well;</p>

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- 10% know well "A European Green Deal".



Question 15

Opinion about the European Green Deal is neither negative nor positive.

Question 16

Impact of the EU on France

- 52% of the French speakers think it is positive compared to 50% of the residents and 49% of the French people
- 29% both positive and negative;

- 11% ignore it or have no impact.
- 8% negative;

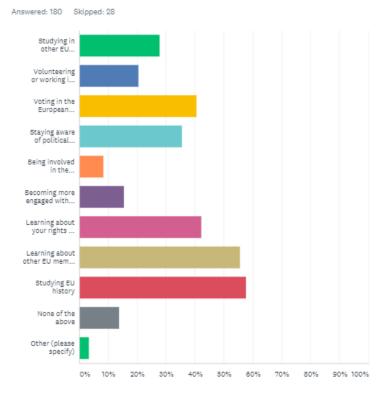
Are you an active EU Citizen?

- 49% inactive;
- 29% yes; 27% of people living in France; 28% of French people
- 22% do not know;

Question 18

Ways of participation (multiple answers)

- Studying in other EU countries through EU educational programmes: 28%
- Volunteering or working in other EU countries: 21%
- Voting in the European Parliamentary elections: 41%
- Staying aware of political and policy debates taking place within EU institutions: 36%
- Being involved in the political life (e.g. political campaigns, political parties) of the EU: 8%
- Becoming more engaged with social issues, like migration or rural poverty, which are relevant to the EU: 16%
- Learning about your rights and responsibilities as an EU citizen: 42%
- Learning about other EU member countries: 56%
- Studying EU history: 58%
- Other: 3%
- None of the above: 14%



4. Access to information (Outcome 3)

Regular use of Media

Digital newspapers: 67%Print newspapers: 12%

Television: 56%
Radio: 44%
Facebook: 69%
Twitter: 30%
LinkedIn: 32%
Instagram: 62%
YouTube: 58%

Question 20

Media platforms vulnerable to disinformation and fake news

- Digital newspapers: 45%

Television: 53%
Facebook: 89%
Twitter: 70%
Instagram: 60%
Snapchat: 59%
YouTube: 56%
TikTok: 60%

Question 21

Strategies to identify disinformation and fake news

Check with other sources: 90%

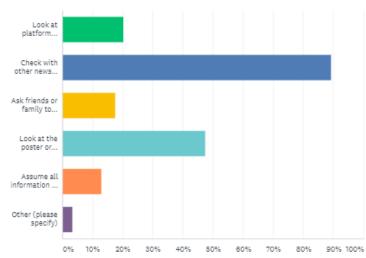
Look at the poster or author's background: 47%

- Reading platform warnings: 20%

Q21 Q

Do you use any criteria or strategies to identify fake news and disinformation?





- The impact of disinformation for French speakers as well as French nationals and residents: 4 on a scale going from 1 to 5.

5. Access to Information about the EU

Question 23

Hearing national politicians about EU decisions

- 32% once or more per month;
- 24% never/less than a year.
- 19% do not follow politics at all

Question 24

Media where you hear or read about the EU

Digital or printed newspapers: 37%

Television: 28%Facebook: 20%

6. Future of the EU

Question 25

<u>Is the EU threatened today?</u>

- Yes: 55% - No: 24%

- Don't know: 21%

Question 26

Main danger the is EU facing

- 36% nationalism and detachment from European institutions;
- 16% climate change;
- 12% democratic deficit of the European institutions;
- 11% social problems such as inequality and poverty;
- 10% terrorism and insecurity in general.
- 4% disinformation and fake news;
- 4% immigration;
- 2% tensions with foreign states such as Russia or China;

Question 27

<u>Trust in the EU leadership after the pandemic</u>

- 61% same as before;
- 25% decreased.
- 4% increased;
- 10% do not know

Legal protection for underrepresented/disadvantaged populations

- 52% unsatisfactory;
- 16% satisfactory;
- 32% do not know.

Question 29

Is the national government informing enough about the decisions it is making in the EU?

- 83% no;
- 5% yes;
- 12% do not know.

Question 30

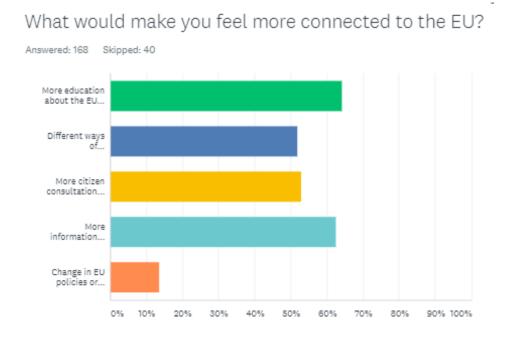
Awareness about the services provided by the Europe Direct Information Centres

90% not aware about.

Question 31

What would make people more connected to the EU

- 64% more education about the EU within schools;
- 62% more information about the EU available publicly;
- 53% more citizen consultations on policy;
- 52% different ways of participating other than MEP elections.



Question 32

Do you feel privileged being a citizen of the EU?

- 78% yes;
- 15% no.